

CrossTimeNet: Cross-Domain Pre-training with Language Models for Transferable Time Series Representations

Presenter: Xiaoyu Tao

Mingyue Cheng, Xiaoyu Tao, Qi Liu, Hao Zhang, Yiheng Chen, Defu Lian

State Key Laboratory of Cognitive Intelligence, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, China

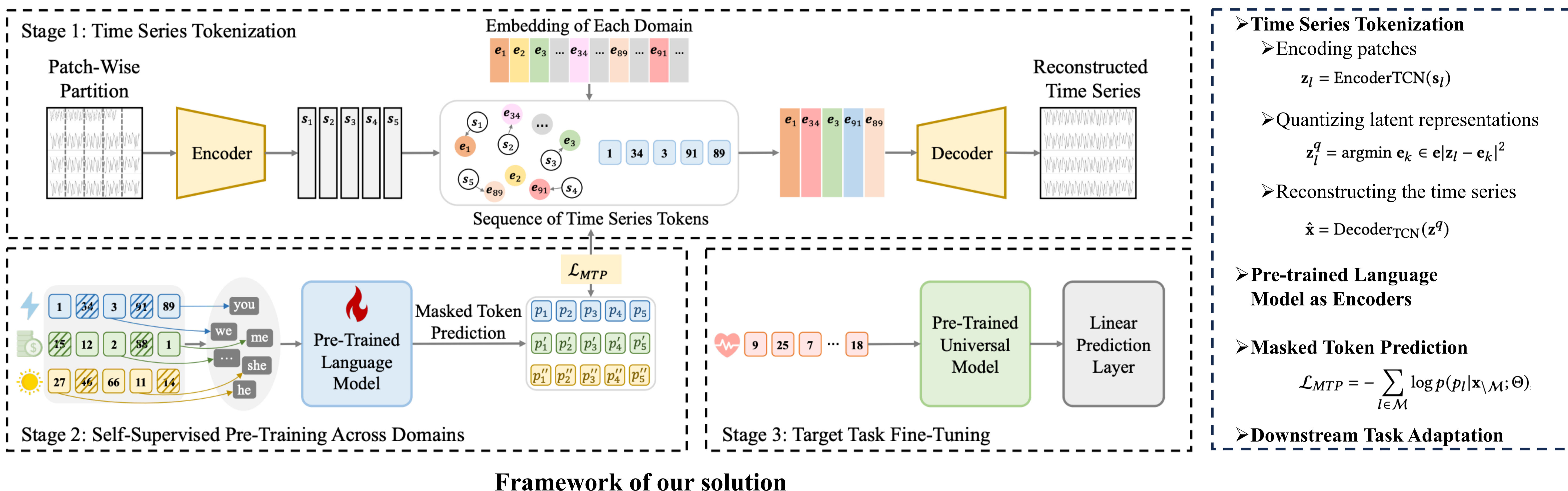


认知智能全国重点实验室
STATE KEY LABORATORY OF COGNITIVE INTELLIGENCE

Contribution

1. We introduce **CrossTimeNet**, a cross-domain self-supervised pre-training framework for time series representation learning. Our methodology emphasizes the discretization of time series data, making cross-domain self-supervised pre-training possible.
2. We utilize a **pre-trained language model** as the backbone network, replacing the conventional randomly initialized model. This strategic choice allows us to leverage the extensive knowledge embedded within the language model.
3. We implement a **bidirectional masking optimization strategy** throughout the self-supervised pre-training phase and conduct comprehensive experiments across various classification and prediction tasks. The results indicate that CrossTimeNet significantly enhances the efficacy of time series representation learning, underscoring its potential impact within this field.

Methodology



Framework of our solution

Experiments

Main results in both classification and forecasting tasks.

Table 1: Experimental results of time series classification task evaluated by Accuracy and F1 Score.

Models	TNC		TS-TCC		TS2Vec		SimMTM		TST		TST-Zero		TST-Plus		CrossTimeNet	
	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score	Accuracy	F1 Score
HAR	0.8961	0.8951	0.8832	0.8815	0.8968	0.8957	0.9200	0.9220	0.9203	0.9203	0.9121	0.9120	0.8550	0.8520	0.9335	0.9347
EEG	0.7603	0.4457	0.7291	0.4347	0.7565	0.4449	0.8165	0.6123	0.8086	0.5516	0.7938	0.5211	0.7929	0.5426	0.8541	0.6402
ECG	0.2081	0.3310	0.1178	0.3780	0.1302	0.2064	0.2565	0.3562	0.2206	0.3317	0.1810	0.3861	0.2134	0.3246	0.4378	0.6278

Table 2: Experimental results of time series forecasting task evaluated by MSE and MAE.

Models	TNC		TS-TCC		TS2Vec		SimMTM		TST		TST-Zero		TST-Plus		CrossTimeNet	
	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE
ETTh1	0.6401	0.5561	0.5962	0.5375	0.6775	0.5690	0.5991	0.5352	0.5718	0.5244	0.6463	0.5571	0.5778	0.5351	0.5009	0.4944
ETTh2	0.4087	0.4378	0.4122	0.4403	0.4099	0.4395	0.4537	0.4555	0.4171	0.4446	0.4208	0.4496	0.4169	0.4451	0.3835	0.4233
ETTm1	0.6618	0.6056	0.6323	0.5947	0.5897	0.5765	0.4935	0.4691	0.6030	0.5774	0.6125	0.5869	0.5507	0.5003	0.4028	0.4171
ETTm2	0.3123	0.3550	0.3225	0.3668	0.3175	0.3611	0.3827	0.3929	0.3113	0.3561	0.3031	0.3514	0.3146	0.3630	0.2929	0.3474
Weather	0.3523	0.4065	0.3023	0.3895	0.3502	0.4172	0.3134	0.3223	0.3067	0.3888	0.3184	0.4035	0.3028	0.3346	0.2794	0.3089
Exchange	0.5970	0.5606	0.6079	0.5644	0.6540	0.5904	0.5684	0.5345	0.6000	0.5605	0.6249	0.5734	0.6540	0.5908	0.5927	0.5499

- Crosstimenet achieves SOTA performance in both classification and forecasting tasks.

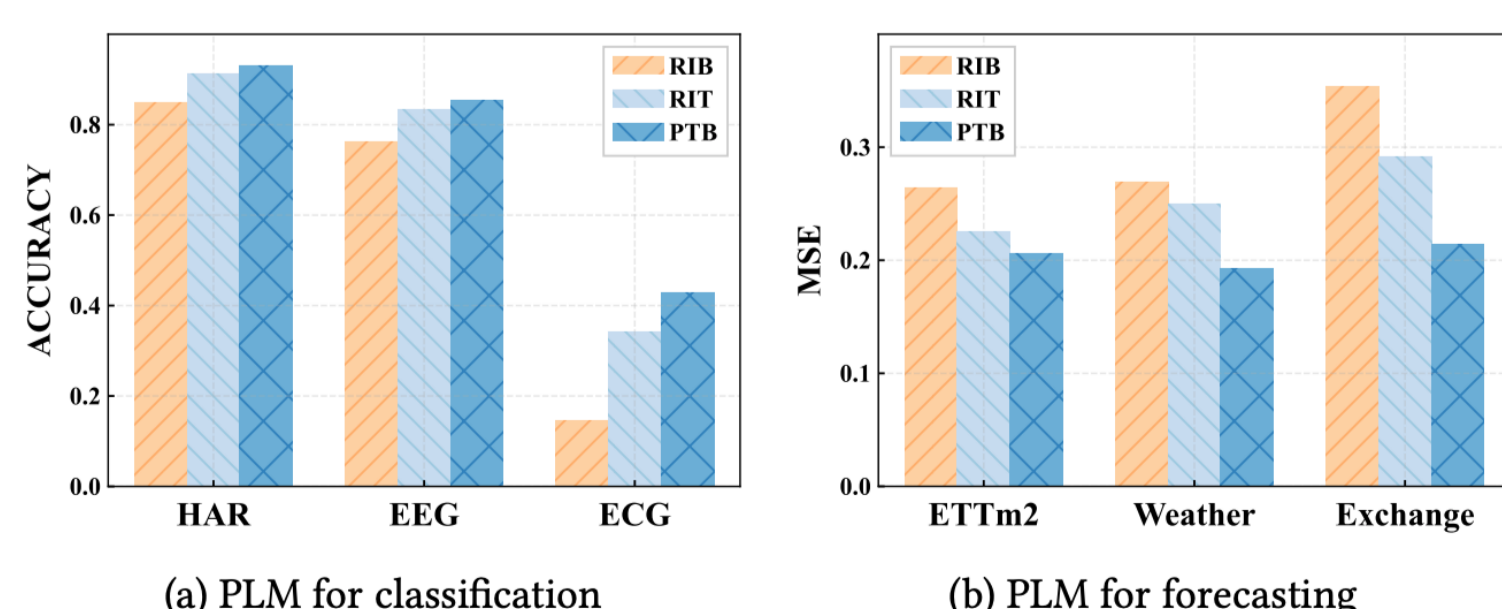
Ablation Study

Pre-training Across Domains

Compared Models	HAR		EEG		ECG	
	Acc	F1	Acc	F1	Acc	F1
w/o Cross Domain	0.9305	0.9305	0.8541	0.6327	0.4287	0.6161
w/ Cross Domain	0.9335	0.9347	0.8541	0.6402	0.4378	0.6278

Compared Models	ETTh2		ETTm1		Exchange		
	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	MSE	MAE	
w/o Cross Domain	96	0.3706	0.4101	0.3790	0.4105	0.2142	0.3387
w/ Cross Domain	192	0.3982	0.4302	0.4046	0.4269	0.3329	0.4264
	336	0.4065	0.4386	0.4523	0.4495	0.5140	0.5336
	720	0.4400	0.4612	0.5139	0.4799	1.2366	0.8358
	96	0.3589	0.4046	0.3430	0.3818	0.2444	0.3674
	192	0.3755	0.4167	0.3714	0.4046	0.3276	0.4171
	336	0.3731	0.4183	0.4200	0.4180	0.6046	0.5830
	720	0.4265	0.4537	0.4766	0.4638	1.1940	0.8321

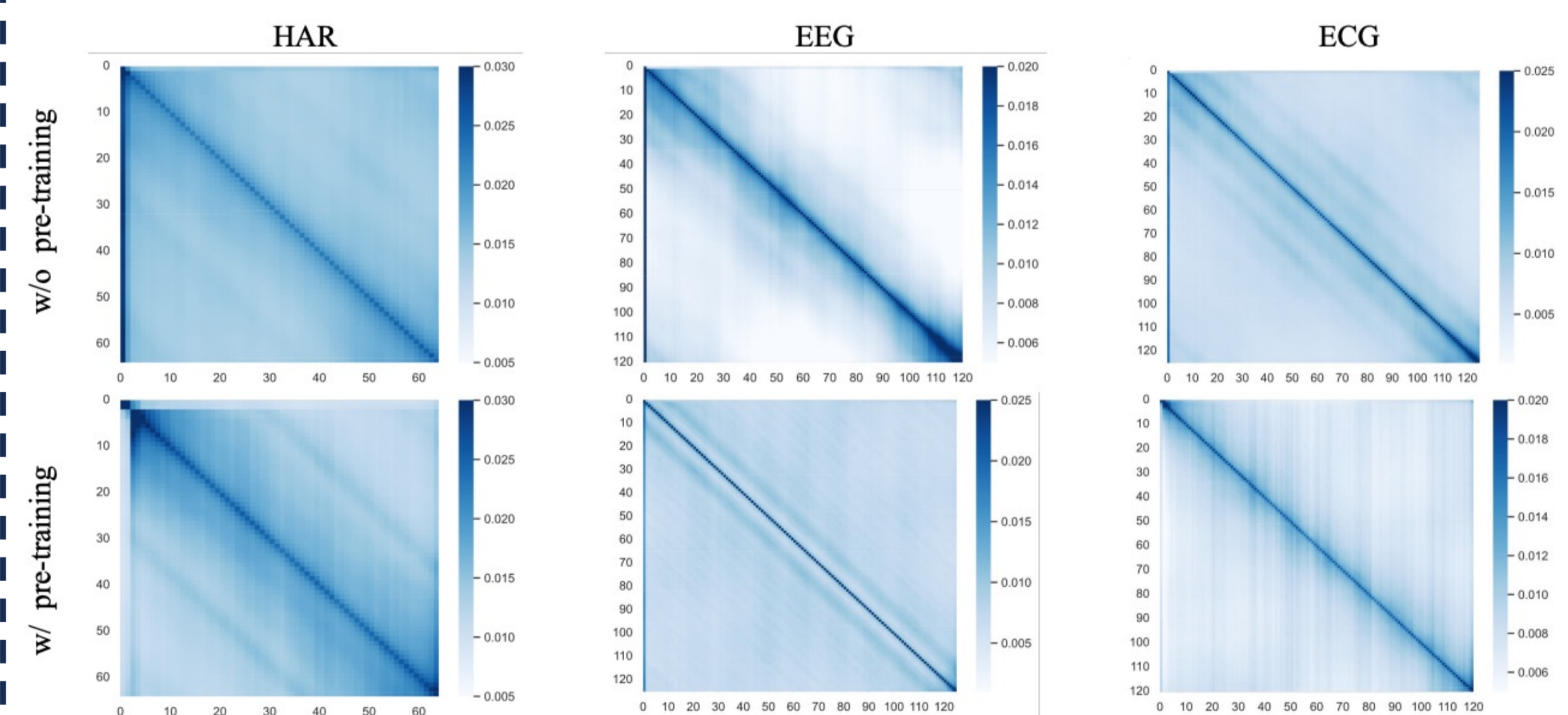
Masked-style PLM



RIB: indicates the use of a pre-trained BERT model as the backbone.
RIT: signifies the use of a randomly initialized BERT model as the backbone.
PTB: denotes the employment of a randomly initialized Transformer model as the backbone.

Case Study

Attention on Positions



w/o pre-training: integration of cross-domain information leads to slight improvements in performance.

Forecasting Case

